A Black day for Portisch

THE remaining two quarter-finals of the world championship candidates matches are now completed, with Hungarian Lajos Portisch going through to challenge Robert Hubner of West Germany in one semi-final.

Hubner, who approached his quarter-final in typical pessimistic style ("I just want to get it over with and go back to university!") defeated Hungarian Andreas Adorjan, by 51/2 points to 41/2 in Bad Lauterburg, West

Portisch, pitted against Russian Boris Spassky in Mexico City, won his first game - with Black. Thanks to an absurd new tie-breaking procedure adopted for this cycle, this ultimately gave him the match. Candidates matches are for the best of 10 games, with an extension to 14 in case of a tie. If after 14 games the score still stands level the player to have won most with the Black pieces is awarded the contest.

Why it should be more meritorious to win with Black rather than with White I have no idea, and the system has considerably less virtue than tossing a coin (or playing Russian rou-lette). Under the current system a player (in this case Portisch) has the unfair advantage of having to play only for a draw in the last few games, secure in the knowledge that he will win on the tie-split.

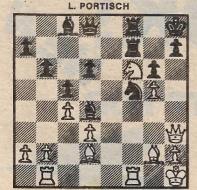
Despite an heroic come-back in game 10, Spassky was eliminated after the remaining games were drawn.

The winner of Portisch-Hubner will compete with the winner of the match between Soviet defector Viktor Korchnoi and Russian Lev Polugayevsky for the right to challenge Soviet world champion Anatoly Karpov next year.

SICILIAN DEFENCE

Portisch's strong point is undoubtedly his extensive opening preparation and here the Hungarian Grandmaster reaches the middlegame having countered Spassky's attack almost before it has started.

19. Qh3 Qd8 20. exf5 Bc8 Bd4 ch 21. Ne4



N×f5 Kh8?!

22. Kh1 23. Nf6 ch

White is in considerable trouble as his queen has no move to hide from a discovered attack after . . . Ne3.

Nevertheless it would have been safer for Portisch to have won a pawn immediately with 23...B×f6 24.g×f6 Nd4 25.Qe3 R×f6 since Spassky could now have tried a complicated sacrifice of queen for two rieces with 24.Bd5 Ne3 25.Q×e3! B×e3 26.B×e3. White's plan of re-routing his bishop to c3 via d2 could even give him winning chances in some lines — eg $26...R \times f6$? $27.g \times f6$ R×f6 28.Bd2! However the Russian blundered instead by.

24. Bc3? 25. Qh4

25.Q×e3 B×e3 is no use now -White has no very strong discovered check, and Black will shortly be able to block the diagonal again by replacing his bishop on d4. White loses rook for knight.

25. ... 26. b×c3 B×c3 N×f1 27. R×f1 28. d4 R×16

29. g×f6 30. Q×f6 ch 31. a4 Q×f6 R×f6 Kg7 Bd3 31. a4 32. a5 33. R×f6 34. a×b6 35. Bd5 36. d×c5 37. Kg1 38. Kf2 K×16 a×b6 K15 d×c5 and resigns.

In one of the later games of his match, Hubner stood in a rather precarious situation against Adorjan.



HUBNER

In this position Adorjan produced 1...Rc5? (1...R×h3 wins easily) thinking he could exchange rooks to a simple win in a king and pawn ending. However Hubner calmly gobbled a pawn with 2.K×h4! drawing because 2...R×g5 leaves White in stalemate! Seeing that Adorjan was Black, if he had won this game he would probably have qualified on tie-break!

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